# LCK306 Lead

## 0.1-2.0 mg/L Pb and 0.12-2.40 mg/L Pb (Crack-Set)

**LCK306** 

Scope and application: For wastewater and process analysis.



## **Test preparation**

## **Test storage**

Storage temperature: 15–25 °C (59–77 °F)

## pH/Temperature

The pH of the water sample must be between pH 3-9.

The temperature of the water sample and reagents must be between 15–25 °C (59–77 °F).

## Before starting

#### pH value

The color reaction requires the sample to have a pH between 3 and 9.

Samples which are free from complexing agents and have a pH between 3 and 6 can be analyzed directly. Samples with a pH between 6 and 9 must be additionally digested with Crack-Set LCW 902 in order to bring undissolved lead hydroxide or complex lead compounds into solution.

Review safety information and expiration date on the package.

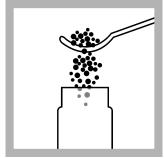
Review the Safety Data Sheets (MSDS/SDS) for the chemicals that are used. Use the recommended personal protective equipment.

Dispose of reacted solutions according to local, state and federal regulations. Refer to the Safety Data Sheets for disposal information for unused reagents. Refer to the environmental, health and safety staff for your facility and/or local regulatory agencies for further disposal information.

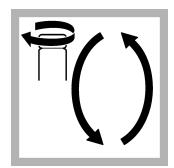
#### **Procedure**



**1.** Add to a dry reaction tube: **10 mL** of **sample**.



2. Add 1 dosing spoon of reagent A.



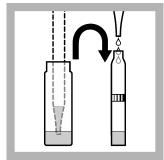
**3.** Close the reaction tube and invert a few times.



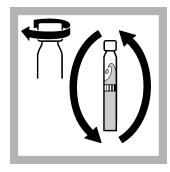
**4.** Start the reaction timer for **2 minutes**.



5. Carefully pipet into the Cuvette Test:1.5 mL of solution B.



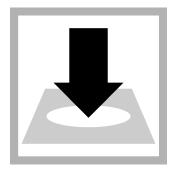
**6.** Carefully pipet into the same cuvette: **4.0 mL** of **pretreated sample**.



**7.** Close the cuvette and invert a few times.



**8.** After **2 minutes**, thoroughly clean the outside of the cuvette and evaluate.



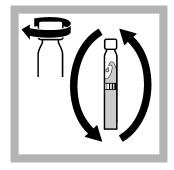
9. Insert the cuvette into the cell holder.
DR1900: Go to
LCK/TNTplus methods.
Select the test,
push READ 1.



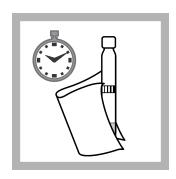
10. Remove the cuvette.



11. Carefully pipet into the same cuvette:0.3 mL of solution C.



**12.** Close the cuvette and invert a few times.



**13.** After **1 minute**, thoroughly clean the outside of the cuvette and evaluate.



**14.** Insert the cuvette into the cell holder. DR1900: Push **READ 2**.

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#### Interferences

The ions listed in the table have been individually checked against the given concentrations and do not cause interference. The cumulative effects and the influence of other ions have not been determined.

The measurement results must be subjected to plausibility checks (dilute and/or spike the sample).

Interference level	Interfering substance
500 mg/L	K <sup>+</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup> , NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> , PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup> , CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup> , SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>
50 mg/L	F <sup>-</sup> , NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup> , Sr <sup>2+</sup>
25 mg/L	Ag <sup>+</sup> , Cd <sup>2+</sup> , Cr <sup>6+</sup> , Zn <sup>2+</sup> , Cu <sup>2+</sup> , Co <sup>2+</sup> , Ni <sup>2+</sup>
10 mg/L	Cr <sup>3+</sup> , Al <sup>3+</sup> , Fe <sup>2+</sup> , Fe <sup>3+</sup>
5 mg/L	Mn <sup>2+</sup> , Hg <sup>2+</sup>
0.5 mg/L	Sn <sup>2+</sup>

# **Summary of method**

Lead(II) ions react at pH 9 with 4-(2-pyridylazo)-resorcin (PAR) to form a red complex.